

Jordan is free from local malaria transmission and has 1.3% of reported cases of the malaria-free countries. The last local case was in 1970.

1. Malaria burden and risk

Population

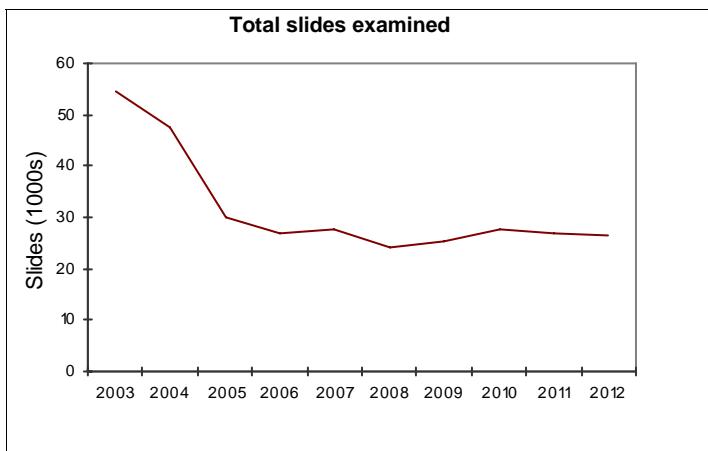
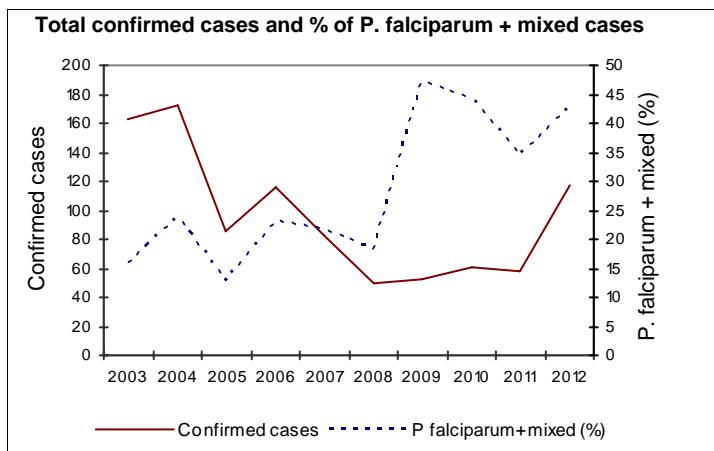
Population	Number	%
Total population	6 457 260	
Population under 5 years	805 364	12.5
Male population	3 319 828	51.4
Rural population	1 117 106	17.3

Vector profile

An. sergentii

An. superpictus

Morbidity trends



Reported malaria burden

Year	Total slides examined	Total confirmed cases	P. falciparum + mixed	P. vivax + others	Total imported cases	Total local cases
2003	54 658	163	26	118	163	0
2004	47 363	173	41	0	173	0
2005	30 079	86	11	0	86	0
2006	26 832	116	25	0	114	2
2007	27 595	83	18	0	83	0
2008	24 071	49	9	36	49	0
2009	25 170	53	25	28	53	0
2010	27 530	61	27	32	59	2
2011	26 860	58	20	38	58	0
2012	26 546	117	50	67	117	0

Imported cases (top 10 countries)

Country	P. falciparum	P. vivax	Mixed	Other species	Not classified	Total
India	6	19	0	0	0	25
Sri Lanka	0	25	0	0	0	25
Liberia	11	3	0	2	0	16
Congo	6	3	0	0	0	9
Côte d'Ivoire	3	1	0	3	0	7
Haiti	5	2	0	0	0	7
Yemen	7	0	0	0	0	7
Sudan	3	3	0	0	0	6
Bangladesh	1	4	0	0	0	5
Chad	2	0	0	0	0	2
Nigeria	2	0	0	0	0	2

2. National drug policy

Unconfirmed uncomplicated		CQ;AL
P. falciparum treatment	Uncomplicated	AL
	Treatment failure (second line)	QN
	Severe	QN
P. vivax treatment		CQ+PQ
Mixed infection treatment (PF+others)		AL+PQ
Last drug policy update (year)		2011

3. Financing malaria control

Government budget	Budget (US\$)	External contribution	Budget (US\$)
Government budget for malaria	3 184 000	World Health Organization	2 919 100
Government expenditure for malaria	2 919 100		