

Table 1 Demographic characteristics of pharmacists responding to the survey of adverse drug reporting (n = 116)

Variable	Value	
	Mean (SD)	
<i>Age (years)</i>	36.2 (8.3)	
	No.	%
<i>Sex (female)</i>	61	52.6
<i>Country of origin (n = 114)^a</i>		
Qatar	4	3.4
Other GCC country	1	0.9
Egypt	40	34.5
Jordan	13	11.2
Other Middle Eastern country	13	11.2
Sudan	21	18.1
Other African country	3	2.6
India/Pakistan	8	6.9
Philippines	5	4.3
Canada/United States	5	4.3
United Kingdom	1	0.9
<i>Highest pharmacy degree</i>		
Bachelors	102	87.9
Masters	9	7.8
Doctorate (PhD or PharmD)	5	4.3
<i>Year of highest pharmacy degree</i>		
2000–11	62	53.4
1990–99	38	32.8
1980–89	12	10.3
1970–79	4	3.4
<i>Country where highest pharmacy degree obtained (n = 109)</i>		
GCC country	2	1.7
Egypt	41	35.3
Jordan	20	17.2
Other Middle Eastern country	7	6.0
Sudan	12	10.3
Other African country	2	1.7
India/Pakistan	10	8.6
Philippines	5	4.3
Other European or Asian country	2	1.7
United Kingdom	6	5.2
Canada/United States	2	1.7
<i>Duration of working as a pharmacist (years) (n = 115)</i>		
< 2	6	5.2
2–5	14	12.1
6–10	41	35.3
11–15	26	22.4
< 15	28	24.1
<i>Duration of practice in Qatar (years) (n = 109)</i>		
	No.	%
< 2	21	18.1
2–5	27	23.3
6–10	42	36.2
11–15	14	12.1
< 15	12	10.3
<i>Pharmacy practice site</i>		
Community	19	16.4
Ambulatory care (private or public) (n = 5)	16	13.8
Hospital (private or public) (n = 3)	72	64.0
Other	9	7.8

^aExamples of countries represented in the categories include: GCC (Oman, Kuwait); other Middle Eastern (Lebanon, Palestine, Syrian Arab Republic); other African (Nigeria, South Africa).

GCC – Gulf Cooperation Council; SD – standard deviation.