

Table 3 CD95 levels in peripheral blood cells of infants with non-oedematous and oedematous protein–energy malnutrition before nutritional rehabilitation compared with controls

Variable	Mean $\pm$ SD or Median (interquartile range)			Group 1 vs 3	t or z value <sup>a</sup>	
	Non-oedematous Group 1 (n = 18)	Oedematous Group 2 (n = 12)	Control Group 3 (n = 12)		Group 2 vs 3	Group 1 vs 2
Neutrophil CD95 (%)	34.97 $\pm$ 7.08	39.10 $\pm$ 13.95	22.23 $\pm$ 4.85	5.42, P < 0.01	3.96, P < 0.01	–1.07, P > 0.05
Lymphocyte CD95 (%)	50.90 (11.53)	47.20 (10.30)	37.80 (2.80)	–2.54 <sup>a</sup> , P < 0.05	–2.78 <sup>a</sup> , P < 0.01	–1.19 <sup>a</sup> , P > 0.05
Monocyte CD95 (%)	8.64 (4.02)	7.36 (2.77)	6.08 (2.65)	–2.38 <sup>a</sup> , P < 0.05	–1.62 <sup>a</sup> , P > 0.05	–1.53 <sup>a</sup> , P > 0.05

<sup>a</sup>Non-parametric data were detected by Shapiro–Wilk test and presented as median (interquartile range). Test of significance was Mann–Whitney test. SD = standard deviation.